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WHEELING. W. VA., FRIDAY, JULY 14, 1899.

PRICE TWO CENTS. SIVE CENTS

AMERICAN AND BRITISH

an Alliance of Great Strength for Big Operations in Chinese Empire.

HAVE VALUABLE CONCESSIONS.

United States to be Asked to Give Compact Official Sanction and Moral Support.

SOMETHING UNPRECDENTED.

Disposition on China's Part to Avoid Fulfilling the Contracts Already Made.

NEW YORK, July 13,-The Tribune

to-morrow will say:
A business alliance of American
and English capitalists has recently been formed, which is of unusual in-terest and importance, because of the leading positions held by these men on both sides of the Atlantic, because of the many millions of dollars involved in it, and because the United States government is about to be asked to give the compact official sanction and moral support; because England has already formally approved it and because the field of its operations is be-yond the jurisdiction of both nations.

Announcement of this alliance was made yesterday by F. W. Whitedge, of the firm of Cary & Whitedge, who are now filling the place left vacant by the death of Senator Calvin S. Brice, as chairman of the executive committee of the American-China Development Company. The company is one party to the agreement and the other is the British and Chinese corporation.

This makes a combination of the most powerful capitalists in the world. The field of their activities is China. Concessions Secured.

The concessions which ex-Senator Brice secured from the Chinese gov-ernment for the American-China Development Company consist of the right to construct a railroad 750 miles long, from Canton to Hankow; exceedingly valuable coal mining concessions and other industrial franchises of less

individual but great aggregate value.

The British company had a contract to build an eighty-mile railway from Canton to Kowloon, on the same coast. The two resolved to pool their undertakings and their profits. The British ompany apparently got the better of the bargain, but their ability to sell Chinese bonds in the money markets of Europe exceeded the ability of the American company to sell Chinese bonds in America or anywhere else, to such an extent that the advantage is only apparent.

The American company's engineer, W. Barciay Parsons, of this city, has completed the survey of the railroad line from Hankow to Canton, and an agent of the syndicate is now in Shang-

A Critical Stage.
He reports that the negotiations at Peking have reached a critical stage, and that there is a disposition on the part of the Chinese government, represented by Shang Tajen, director of railways, to avoid fulfilling its part of the contract. This is the cause for appealing to our government for moral support.

Mr. Whitedge asserts that Lord Salisbury has already instructed the British ambasador in China to treat the contract secured by the American company, and shared with the English ompany, as if it were a British contract, and urge the Chinese govern ment to fulfill its terms. The American company sent Mr. Parsons Washington yesterday to make a formal request that the government of the United States take a similar stand. Such a demand upon the United States government is probably unprecedented.

Powerful Combination.

The British and Chinese corporatio limited, (the London capital involved) is a syndicate composed of the most powerful financiers in Great Britain, among others Messrs, Adolph Von Andre, Arbuthnot Brothers, Baring Bros. Sir John Barry, the eminent engineer the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank Meesra Jardine Mattheson & Co. Ernest Cassel, the China and Japan Bank, Sir Auckland Colvin, Gibbs Brothers, Sir Sandy S. Dawes, Humbro & Bons, the London and New Zealanl Exploration Company, the Mercantile Investment Company, Charles Morrison, Henry Oppenheim, H. Osborne O'Hagan, the Railway Trust, Lord Rothschild, Sir Thomas Southerland, Henry Parmure Gordon, S. S. Gladstone, Sir Marcus Samuel, the Sassones, John Walter, the Lord Mayor and other people of well known

The American Company.

The American-China Development Company includes Kuhn, Loab & Co., Morton, Bliss & Co., Central Trust Company, H. C. Koster, of J. P. Morgan & Co., Chase National Bank, First Nation Bank, John Hegeman, presi dent of the Metropolitan Life Insur ance Company, Marcellus Hartley, of Hartley & Graham, J. Donald Came ron of Pennsylvania, Henry Wolcott, Hugh J. Drake, Moore & Schley, Car-Steel Company, Arthur Sewall, of Maine; C. C. Griscom, of the International Navigation Company; E. D. Adams, representative of the Deutsche Berlin for America; the Rockefellers, Manhattan Trust Com-pany, some members of the Vanderbilt Rockefellers, Manhattan Trust Com-pany, some members of the Vanderblit gamily and others of equal standing. Life is not to take place at once, but will be spread over a period of at least two years.

PENSION INVESTIGATION

By the G. A. R. Committee-Many of the Complaints Published Found to

be Untrue

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 18 .- The pension committee of the G. A. R. fin-ished its inquiry here this afternoon and most of its members left the city to-night. The committee has been here three days, and during most of the time has been accompanied by Benior Commander-in-Chief Johnson Commissioner of Pensions Evans and

Commissioner of Pensions Evans and a corps of the most experienced employes of the bureaut have given the most thorough co-operation to the committee, placing themselves and all the official files at its disposal.

Headed by Chairman Brown, the committee called at the white house to-day, and for an hour and a half were engaged in conference with President McKinley. During that time they threshed over the whole pension policy, the discussion comprehending the laws governing the system, the rulings made both by the interior depastment and the pension bureau for their execution, and changes desired in the interest of the government and of the pensioners.

The President read apparent attention.

tion, and changes desired in the interest of the government and of the persioners.

The President pald unusual attention to the delegation, and gave free expression to his views on the subject. Later the body returned to the pension bureau, where they spent mest of the afternoon, talking over matters informally with the commissioner. All the old soldiers and soldiers' widows employed in the office were called together to meet the committee, before whom they passed in line, and exchanged friendly salutations. Late this afternoon a final meeting of the committee was held in the hotel quarters, when individual views and recommendations were presented, and an informal consultation held as to the nature of the report to be made. This document will be presented at the Philadelphia annual encampment of the G. A. R. in September, Pending the report, Colonel Johnson, the committee's spokesman, and his colleagues declined absolutely to discuss their work or the results of their inquiry. It was admitted, however, that much has been printed concerning the action of the bureau which has been found untrue. The examination of the files has shown a lack of foundation for many complaints that have formed the basis of criticism. It was learned before the committee's departure that when it arrived here it had a memorandum of about thirty cases in which the rulings had been criticised. The papers in these cases were sent for in regular order, and it is understood disclosed substantially no foundation fer the attacks on the official action on them.

EX-CONSUL ROSE

Of Samoa, Arrives Unexpectedly in

Washington En Route Home. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 13,-Herr Rose, the German consul general at Samon during the recent exciting events there, arrived in Washington unexpectedly to-day and reported to events there, arriven in washington unexpectedly to-day and reported to the German embassy. Ambassador Holleben was about to start for New York to meet Mr. Mumm, the official who has come on from Berlin to act as charge d'arfaires this aummer, but before his departure he accompanied Herr Rose to the state department and presented him to Secretary Hay and assistant Secretary Hill. This gave an apportunity for a rather extended conference on Bamoan affairs, in the course of which Herr Rose defended his course during the troublesome days of last spring, and explained his view of many of the incidents in which he and Admiral Kautz and the various other officials of Samoa were concerned. The period of Herr Rose's services covered also the contention over Chief Justice Chambers' decision as to the right of Malletoa to occupy the throne of Samoa, and the clask with the natives following the questions relsed as to this decision. Herr Rose presented his version of these incidents quite fully.

fully.

He will remain here for several days before going to Berlin. His visit to Washington is said to have no special significance, further than to meet the officials of the German embassy and the state department. Herr Rose brought word that the work of the commission might be prolonged beyond the 14th Instant, when they had hoped to sail on the Badger.

Progress on New Navy.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 13 .- A statement prepared by Chief Constructor Hichborn shows that of the three battleships building at Newport News, the Kearsarge is advanced 22 per cent toward completion, the Kentucky 90 per cent, and the Illinois 68 per cent. Cramp has the Alabama 88 per cent finished, and the Maine 9 per cent, and the Ohio at 2 per cent. The sheathed cruiser Albamy, in England, is 80 per cent advanced. The monitor Wyoming at the Union Iron Welks is 12 per cent, and the Fordia, at Nikon's, 9 per cent, and the Fordia, at Nikon's, 9 per cent, and the Fordia, at Nikon's, 9 per cent, The training ship Chesapeake, at Bath, is set down at 98 per cent, and the zubmarine boat Plunger, at the Columbian Iron Works, at 85 per cent. The torpedo boats vary all the way from 97 per cent, in the case of the Dahlgren, at Bath, to nothing. structor Hichborn shows that of the

WASHINGFTON, D. C., July 13 .-Secretary Alger this morning received a telegram from San Francisco, containing the unanimous request of Oregon regiment for muster out at i Francisco. The Oregon regiment i previously elected to be mustered previously elected to be mustered out at Portland, but evidently came to the other decision en route. After consul-tation with the President it was decid-ed to accede to the request. Travel pay and commutation of rations will be issued to the Oregon soldiers.

Postal Ruling.
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 13.—
Third Assistant Postmaster General Madden to-day promulgated a ruling permitting the enclosure of coin recep-tacles for subscription purposes, with all second and third class mail matter. eir mailing with publications unde usual rate has heretofore been re-

Will Sell Its Stocks. NEW YORK, July 13,-It is not likely that other large life insurance companies will follow the action of the New York Life Insurance Company, which has amended its by-laws so as to provide for the sale of all its hold-ings in stocks. The company's hold-lags in this line do not exceed \$4,000,-000, it was said to-day, while some of the other companies own investment stocks amounting to from \$20,000,000 to \$20,000,000. It is understood that the sale of these stocks of the New York Life is not to take place at once, but

CHANDLER CHARGES

Against Commissioner Brewer of the United States Civil Service Commission.

THE INVESTIGATION IS OVER

So far as Concord is Concerned. Brewer Says he Did Nothing but Get Mad.

CONCORD, N. H., July 13 .- The civil service commission investigation into the charges against Senator Gallinger is over, as far as the city of Concord is concerned. Commissioner Mark S. Brewer this afternoon gave a mono logue to the members of the press who had reported the proceedings of the investigation. Mr. Brewer invited the reporters to the suite of rooms in the Eagle hotel where the sesions had been held, and there he spoke an hour and a half in reply to charges made against him by Senator Chandler and Governor Busiel through the press.

Senator Chandler was invited to be present by Mr. Brewer, but declined. Mr. Brewer stated to the newspaper men that when the first letter came from Governor Busiel making the charges against Senator Gallinger, he-was absent from Washington. "Had I been present my first suggestion would have been that Governor Busiel should put the charges in form and present them to the district attorney for the state of New Hampshire. Inasmuch as they seemed to indicate a violation of the statute and not of the commissisn's rules, the district attorney could have brought them before the grand jury of a federal court and compelled the attendance of witnesses which this commission could not do.

"I have had personal acquaintance with both senators from New Hampshire for more than twenty years and I have been on friendly terms with them both. On account of those friendly relations I did not desire to come here and try this case. I did come simply because I was ordered to do so.

No Thought of Screening.

Upon our arrival here my associate insisted that I must conduct the pro-ceedings. This I did with as much vigor as I ever displayed in a trial in court. I have sought in every way to elucidate pertinent facts. I never have had a thought of screening anybody from trial or from conviction for any violation of the statutes."

In relation to the statement in the

court of the investigation that he had himself contributed to the campaign fund, Mr. Brewer stated that he had never contributed one dollar in violation of any statute.

"I have accomplished ten times more for the cause of civil service than Sen-ator Chandler ever dreamed of," remarked Mr. Brewer, parenthetically. With reference to the fact that he notified witness that they were not obliged to answer certain questions, Mr. Brewor said he did only what any judge in any court in the land would be expected to do, that is, inform witnesses as to their legal rights. Commissioner Brewer quoted Senator Chandler's remarks that the other investigators, Commissioner Harlow and Agent Wales, were "good fellows," and explained: "I did nothing here, except get mad, that has not met the approval of there two 'good fellows' and I take the responsibility for getting mad. If Senator Chandler had continued those insinuations I would have flung him out of the window. No man with a particle of self-respect could sit still and 1868 permit such allegations to be made by a gentleman of his position,"

Not of His Seeking.

As to Senator Chandler's movemen for his removal, Mr. Brewer said: "Bless his dear heart, he knows nothing about my relation with the President and no more about the civil ser-vice commission than does the man in the moon. I am not filling the position at my own request and through my own seeking, but simply and solely because William McKinley sent for me and urged me to take it. If President Mc-Kinley should decide to take the advice of Senator Chandler and Governor Busiel and remove me from the chair, I have occupied for the past eighteen menths, it would be almost as pleasant to me as to Senator Chandler. I am earnestly desirous as a member of the commission and as a citizen, of having the law and the rules thoroughly, hon-estly and straightforwardly enforced in every state in the union, Senator Chandler and I have long been friends and will be again in a few days, I

Senator Chandler, when seen later, said that his position is not at all changed by Mr. Brewer's statement. He will prefer charges against Commissioner Brewer, not on account of any personal discourtesy, but on account of the general misconduct of the hearing by the commission.

No Funds Available.

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 13 .- Sens tor William J. Scott, of Luzerne, a member of the joint legislative mittee to welcome the Tenth Pennsylvania regiment on its return from the Philippines to be mustered out, he conference to-day with Adjutant General Stewart in which he suggested oral Stewart in which he suggested that a provisional brigade of the National Guard be ordered to Pittsburgh to receive the regiment. General Stewart said it would cost upwards of \$12,000 to ablp three regiments to Pittsburgh and that there are no funds available to meet this expense, so that the scheme will probably be abandoned.

QUEER ACQUITTAL

Of the Leader of a Robber Gang in Clay County — Recalcitrant Jurors Heavily Fined.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence CHARLESTON, W. Va., July 18.— Bob Reedy, the supposed leader of the gang of robbers that have committed so many depredations in Clay county, was acquitted to-day at Clay Court House, of one of the numerous charges against him.

The chief prosecuting witness Joe Klein, a self confessed member of the gang, whose testimony was corroborated by Mary Wise, a young or phan girl, who has made her home with the Reedy family. The girl had been spirited away from Clay in order that she might not be forced to testify, but was located at the house of relatives

at Huntington. Reedy's acquittal was a surprise. He was held on a number of other charges In order to get a jury to try Reedy, Judge Blizzard had to send into Nicholas county for a special venir. teen of those summoned did not come, and the judge had them arrested for contempt and brought into court. Three of them gave excuses and the other eleven were fined fifty dollars

SUMMER QUARTER

At the University—Largely Increased Attendance Over Last Year. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., July 13 .-The number of students enrolled up to the present time for the summer quarter at the university is 230. They represent thirty-six counties in West Virginia and eleven states outside of West Virginia, and are as fine a lot of young men and young women as ever got to-gether. Among them are high school principals, superintendents of city schools, normal school teachers, teachers in manual training schools, county superintendents, country school teachers, college professors, etc. Nearly all of them are mature men and women, and most of them are engaged during

the winter, so that the summer is their only time to go to college.

The summer quarter at the university fits the conditions that exist in West Virginia better than anything else that has ever been attempted in the school work of the state. It makes it possible for young men and women to go to college who have to earn their own way. It is expected that the total enrollment of students for the summer quarter will reach at least 250, probably 275. The total enrollment last summer was 188.

Will be Brought Back.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. CHARLESTON, W. Va., July 13.— Griff Jarrett, who assaulted L. D. Coon at Jarrett's Valley, in Boone county, fatally injuring him, enlisted at the government recruiting office in this city a day or two later and was sent to San Francisco, en route to the Philippines. Captain Shunk, the government re cruiting officer, here, to-day telegraph-ed ahead to have him placed under arrest and returned.

Indicted for Murder.

pecial Dispatch to the Intelligencer. CHARLESTON, W. Va., July 13,-Harrison Lusk, who was shot at Sewell, several days ago, by Funston Cox, whom he was attempting to arrest, is dead. Cox, who is now in jail here was indicted yesterday for murder in the Fayette court.

TWO BIG WRECKS

Of British Ships Off The Australian

Coast-Many Lives Lost. PERTH, Western Australia, July 13. -The British ship Carlisle Castle was lost in a storm yesterday off Rockingham. The crew perished. The Carlisic Castle, Captain Lindsay, of 1.344 tons net register, left the Clyde, March 211 for Fremantle, near Perth, Western Australia. She was built at London in

1863.
The British ship City of York has been wrecked off Rottnest island. Seven of the crew were saved, but the captain and eleven men are missing.
The City of York, Captain Jones, salled from San Francisco, April 13, for Fremantle, near Perth, Western Australia. She was built at Giasgow in 1869 and was of 1,167 tons net register.
Later it was announced that thirteen members of the crew of the City of York, including the first officer and the boatswain were saved.

Baptist Young People's Union. RICHMOND, Va., July 13.—The Baptist Young People's Union of America convention. The sessions which tinue until Sunday night, are held in the auditorium at the Exposition grounds. Addresses of welcome made by Chairman Ellison, of the local executive committee and Messrs. Hill Montague, J. Garland Pollard and Dr. Montague, J. Garland Pollard and Dr. W. E. Hatcher in behalf respectively of the city and state unions and the Buptists of Virginia. The response was made by Rev. T. F. Anderson, of Rochester, N. Y. Rev. Dr. C. H. Mable, of Hoston, in the opening address, spoke on "The Disciple and His Lord," and a companion address on "The Disciple and his Fellow Men," written by Dr. Landrum, of Atlanta, in his absence, was read by ex-Governor Northen, of Georgia.

Severe Electrical Storm

STROUDSBURG, Pa., July 13.-An electrical storm doing much damage to rops passed over the eastern section of this county last night. Lightning struck in several places, killing a boy and in-juring several others. In a field at the Juring several others. In a field at the time the storm came up were Benjamin Place, ir., his son Paul, fourteen years old, and Clayton Place. They had a wagon drawn by two horses and were engaged putting in buckwheat. As they neared a big walnut tree there was a terrific clap of thunder, followed by lightning. Paul Place was instantly killed, together with the two horses and a dog.

Dewey at Port Said.

PORT SAID, Egypt, July 12 .- Admiral Dewey arrived here this evening on board the United States cruise Olympia.

STRAIGHT

INCREASE

The Tin Plate Workers of Fifteen Per-cent-Outcome of Chicago Conference.

THE WAGE LIST AS ADOPTED

Is to be Minimum Scale for the Year Ending June 30, 1900. 30,000 Men Benefited.

CHICAGO, July 18.-The officers of the American Tin Plate Company and the wage committee of the Amalgama-Association of Iron, Steel & Tin Workers who have been in daily conference for the past two weeks over the question of wages of the tinworkemployed by the American Tinplate Company, agreed on a scale to-day. The scale which was signed by the Tin-plate officials and the Amalgamated Association committee, grants a straight increase of 15 per cent. increase takes effect July 1. The wage list as adopted, is to be the minimum scale for the year ending June 30, 1900 At last night's session bars instead of billets and a ratio of one-seventh in-stead of one-fifth was practically decided on as a basis for figuring the scale of wages. This was abandoned at to-day's session, however, the scale as adopted being based on \$4 25 as the selling price of a one hundred pound

box of coke tin-plates.

On each cent increase in the price per box, two per cent advance on the scale as adopted will be paid, while for each ten cents decrease a deduction of 2 per cent will be made. Over \$0,000 tin-plate workers are benefited by the

HORRIBLE EXECUTION

Of a Choctaw Indian in Spite of an Order of United States Court. CHICAGO, July 13.—A special to the

Tribune from Goodlands, I. T., says: William Goings, "Wella Tonka," th Choctaw Indian, was shot at Alikchi, I. T., to-day, under sentence of the

Choctaw court for murder.

Feeling among the Choctaws was aroused by a report that an attempt would be made to stop the execution by another writ of habeas corpus.

Application was made yesterday to Federal Judge John R. Thomas, for a

Application was made yesterday to Federal Judge John R. Thomas, for a writ of habeas corpus by Antier's attorney. An order by Judge Thomas granting the writ was telegraphed from Tulas, I. T., last night. It directed the Indian sheriff to have the body of Goings at South McAlester on July 22, and a deputy marshal arrived at Alikichi with the writ at daylight this morning. District Attorney Clay and Sheriff Thomas Watson were in consultation when it was presented.

The sheriff refused to receive it. The district attorney declared that "Judge Ahner James, the Choctaw judge, alone could stop the execution."

A runner was dispatched to Judge James, sixteen miles away, notifying Jim of the telegram from Judge Thomas. He was in bed sick and sent a verbal message to go haead with the execution. It was noon when the message was received.

The execution took place two hours later, and was a sickening sight. A few minutes before Goings was led out four Chociaws appeared, bearing a coffin. It was deposited in front of the court house. Near it a quilt was spread. The condemned Indian, supported by Sheriff Watson and a deputy, and escorted by twenty light horsemen, marched down the line of spectators.

Goings then knelt on the quilt blind-folded. The sheriff bared his bosom, painted a spot over his heart, stepped back four paces, rested a rife across the hench and fired. The bullet entered the breast, but missed the spot. Goings fell backward, and moaned for an hour before expiring. Water was poured down his throat a number of times to hasten

breast, out missed the spot. Songie to backward, and moaned for an hour before expiring. Water was poured down his throat a number of times to hasten death by strangulation.

While the execution was proceeding. District Attorney Clay remarked: "We are making history."

It remains to be seen what action the United States government will take in regard to defiance of the writ.

The crime for which Goings was shot was the murder of his uncle, Mason Goings, in December, 1895. He was sontenced to be shot August 25, 1897, and the court granted a respite that Goings might play base ball with the nine of the Choctaw nation during 1898.

OFFICERS ELECTED

Of National Educational Association. Next Meeting at Charlestor LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 18 .- Col

O. T. Corson, of Columbus, O., was to-day elected president of the National Educational Association by unanimous caucational Association by unaminops vote. The following will be the vice presidents elected for the ensuing year: First vice president, E. Oram Lyte, Pennsylvania. Vice presidents: J. A. Forshay, California; E. M. Slauson, Michigan; E. B. McElroy, Oragon; J. B. Hendricks, Montana; J. M. Greg, New Jersey; W. H. Bartholomew, Kentucky; W. A. Bell, Indiana; W. S. Layton, Georgia; L. W. Buchols, Florida; Mrs. Gaston Boyd, Kansas; George H. Conley, Massachusetts; C. G. Pearse, Omaha, was elected treasurer. Directors for the North Atlantic, South Atlantic, South Central, North Central and western divisions were elected. At the meeting of the board of directors held this afternoon to decide on the place for helding the convention in 1990, Charleston was strongly in the lead when the matter was put to a vote, Charleston received 22 votes, and Boston 13; Montreal, Cincinnati and several cities receiving only a few scattering votes.

Charleston will be recommended to the executive committee, but a decision will not be finally arrived at until The following will be the vote.

the executive committee, but a decis-ion will not be finally arrived at until the matter has been fully considered by the executive committee, which will not be until some time in the fall of the year.

Ex-Senator Gorman's Health MAGNOLIA, Mass., July 13.—United States Senator Arthur P. Gorman, who is lying here, and who has been some-what indisposed owing. It is said, to the change from his accustomed sur-roundings, was greatly improved to-day. His illness was not serious, Taylor Has a Walk-Over for the Gu-bernatorial Nomination — Trouble With the Colored Delegates.

KENTUCKY REPUBLICANS.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 12.—Attor-bey General W. S. Taylor was nomi-nated for governor by acciamation today by the Republican state conven-Immediately after the adoption of the state platform, Captain S. H. Stone and Judge Clifton J. Pratt, Taylor's chief rivals for the nomination nade their way to the speaker's platform, and in stirring speeches, with-drew from the race in favor of the at-torney general. Within five minutes the long and stubborn fight for the place at the head of the ticket ended in a whiri of enthusiasm and Taylor's nomination was made unanimous.

What was called the Deboe-Taylor slate for the most part was ratified. Before the convention assembled, most of the delegates were for Taylor for governor, but when the nomination for governor, but when the nomination for governor was reached, about all of them were for Taylor. In the contests for minor places there was a worlferous flow of Kentucky oratory. In the contest for attorney general there were forty-seven speeches by actual count and during the day there were over three hundred speeches made. After the presentation speech for each candidate there was a multitude of seconding speeches. The ballots were net counted completely. Counties would change their votes to the leading candidate and then follow another series of speeches in withdrawing the names of those who ran behind.

The presentation of Taylor's name by his leading opponent, Colonel S. H. Stone and the seconding of the same by Judge Pratt, his other opponent, was a dramatic scene, but the most exciting time of the convention was during the contest for attorney general. The Taylor men who had been making the race for that nomination objected to being side-tracked by one who had falled of another nomination and they made an aggressive fight. Senator Debog, General, Taylor and, their close friends were active workers in the hall during the balloting for attorney general. They wanted Judge Pratt on the ticket and they finally nominated him by an overwhelming majority. Judge Pratt was the favorite of the colored delegates for governor.

W. S. Taylor is forty-six years old. He was a poor farmer boy and taught school before he became county clerk in 1832, While in that office he studied law and afterward was elected indge. He has been a member of the Republican state committee since 1836, and was a delegate to the national Republican convention in Chicago in 1838. He was a clected attorney general four years ago when William O. Bradley was elected governor.

The closing hours of the convention were very stormy and for more than he What was called the Deboe-Taylor slate for the most part was ratified. Be-

governor.
The closing hours of the convention The closing hours of the convention were very stormy and for more than an hour intense excitement prevailed because of an arbitrary ruling by Charman Breathitt, but cooler heads prevailed and the convention adjourned after presenting resolutions thanking the city of Lexington for favors shown and Chairman Breathitt for fair and impartial rulings. Some of the negroes of Lexington are still dissatisfied with the nomination of General Taylor for governor and an effort will be made by them to defeat him. A number of prominent negroes of fins city and Louisville held a meeting this afternoon and decided to place a negrot licket in the field this fail. A conference will be held in Louisville next Friday and a ticket nominated. They have no idea of winning, but they will cause Taylor to loss the colored vote.

Thieving Freight Handlers.
PHILADELPHIA. July 13.—Eight
men, formerly employed in the freight
lepartment of the Philadelphia & department Reading Railroad Company, are under Reading Railroad Company, are under arrest here charged with having stolen thousands of dollars worth of goods from the company's cars. Their names are Henry Kaufman, Robert Rowdsar, John H. Boyle, John W. Fisher, W. B. Gallagher, Erwin W. Chapman, Edwin I. Wild and Ahner Jamlson. They are all residents of this city. Jamlson and Fisher were employed as conductors, the others as brakeness, and their alleged peculations cover a period of more than a year. The value of the plunder will aggregate more than \$5,000, and the stolen merchandise includes thousands of cigars, barriss of whisky, valuable silks and woolen includes thousands of cigars, barrels of whisky, valuable silks and woolen goods.

Masked Robber Recognized.

WILMINGTOR James Porter, alias "Pottsville Red," arrested in Pottsville, Pa., on suspicion of being one of the gang of masked of being one of the gang of masked robbers that broke into the Bavarian brewery, this city, early on the morning of May 9, gagged and bound the employes present, blew open and robbed the safe, was identified positively in the city court here to-day. Jacob Zeman, Frederick Festing and Amend Miners, the three employes who were bound and gagged, recognised the prisoner as one of the robber gang. Porter was held in \$2,000 ball for the general sessions court, and in default of ball was committed to fall. He is also suspected of being concerned in the recent robbery of the postomice at Middletown, Del.

25-Mile Road Race.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 12.—The Buchler diamond handlcap, twenty-five mile road race which will be started from Allegheny, July 29, promises to be one of the season in this vicinity. The prize list aggregates over \$2,000 in value and a big list of entries has already been booked, including riders from Cleveland, Detroit, Akron, Columbus, Chicago and Philadelphia.

Killed in Church.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., July 13.-While valting for service to begin in the Mennonite church at Weissport last night, Miss Florence Oswald, aged fifteen years, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. Her two girl companions, the only other occupants of the building, were stunned, but not seriously injured.

Movements of Steamships. LIVERPOOL-Arrived: Rhynland,

com Philadelphia.

QUEENSTOWN—Arrived: Britanic, from New York.

NEW YORK—Arrived: Germanic, nic, from New NEW YORK from Liverpool.

Weather Forecast for To-day. For West Virginia: Showers Friday and probably Saturday; variable winds. For Western Pennsyivania and Obio: Showers Friday; probably threatening Saturday; except showers on the lakes; variable winds. Local Temperature.